

Report to: Audit & Governance Committee Meeting 24 April 2024
Director or Business Manager Lead: Matthew Finch – Communities and Environment
Lead Officer: Richard Bates – Safety and Risk Manager.

Report Summary				
Report Title	Strategic Risk Management			
Purpose of Report	To provide an update to members highlighting the Council's 2024/25 Strategic Risk Register and its current status.			
Recommendations	Members of the Committee are asked to note amendments to the Strategic Risk Register and to highlight any issues of concern.			
Reason for Recommendation	To ensure Committee members are aware of the status of the Council's strategic risks.			

1.0 Background

- 1.1 Risk Management is the process of identification and management of risks faced by the Council, which have the potential to significantly prevent it from achieving its key/agreed objectives. Proactively identifying potentially significant risks and implementing suitable control strategies help prevent these risks from being realised, or if this is not possible, to mitigate the risk to a tolerable level.
- 1.2 Strategic risks are those risks that have the potential to halt or significantly interfere with the ability of the Council to achieve its core objectives, priorities and/or ambitions. Those risks that have the potential to halt or interfere with the ability of business units to achieve their specific operational service priorities are detailed with the operational risk register.
- 1.3 Contents of the previous 23/24 strategic risk register were reviewed by Members in November 2023.

2.0 Strategic Risk Review 2023/24

- 2.1 In accordance with the Risk Management Policy, a facilitated strategic risk workshop was undertaken with the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) in February 2024. This workshop evaluated all existing strategic risks and identified emerging risks for the forth coming year.
- 2.2 Undertaking annual strategic risk reviews helps identify significant potential challenges the council may face so it may appropriately control or mitigate as required and where possible. The purpose of the annual strategic risk workshop is to:
 - a) Consider the suitability of the existing register,
 - b) Identify new, emerging or future significant risks, and
 - c) Develop a formal register to address these risks
- 2.3 During the recent annual workshop significant issues raised/topics discussed included:
 - Council crisis' partnerships, funding gap, spending cuts & Section 114 notices
 - Extreme weather –vulnerable communities, preparedness/resilience and response
 - Environmental/ carbon reduction targets /climate targets
 - Economy/Inflation/Cost of living/Local economy

- Cyber
- Major Infrastructure projects and growth
- Workforce
- Contracts/supply chain including financial sustainability of suppliers/contractors.
- Compliance
- Priorities and capacity
- 2.4 During the workshop it was agreed by SLT that:
 - a) 9 existing strategic risks should be retained,
 - b) 1 be deleted from the register, and
 - c) A new risk considering priorities and capacity be developed for further consideration by SLT.
- 2.5 The table below identifies content of the 2024/25 risk register, as agreed by SLT.

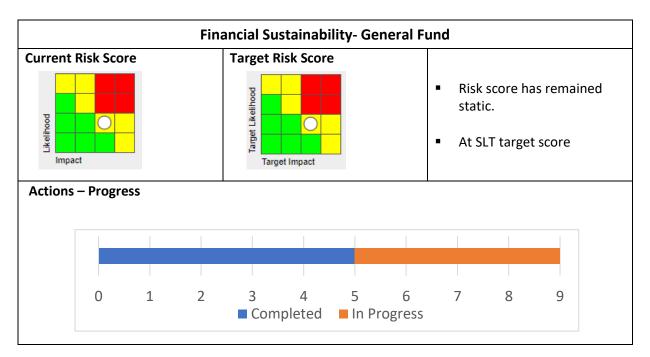
2024/25 Strategic Register- Effective from 1st April 24				
Risk Co	de and Title	Risk Owner		
SR301	Financial Sustainability- General Fund	Sanjiv Kohli		
SR302	Financial Sustainability- HRA	Sanjiv Kohli & Suzanne Shead		
SR303	Failure to deliver growth infrastructure	Matt Lamb		
SR304	Contract/Supply Failure	Deborah Johnson & Suzanne		
		Shead		
SR305	Workforce	Deborah Johnson		

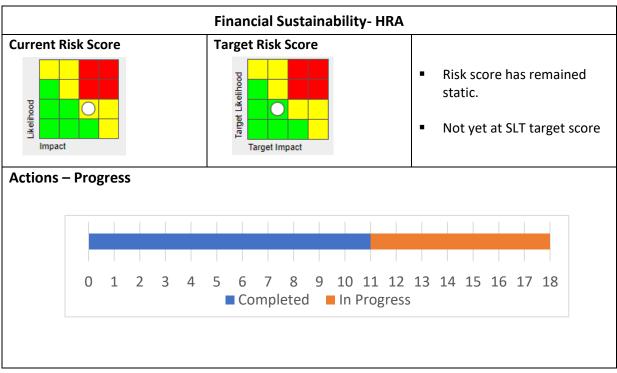
SR306	Corporate Governance	Sue Bearman
SR307	Data Management Security	Sanjiv Kohli
SR308	Environment	Matthew Finch
SR309	Statutory Compliance Management	Sanjiv Kohli & Suzanne Shead
SR	Capacity (DRAFT)	ТВС

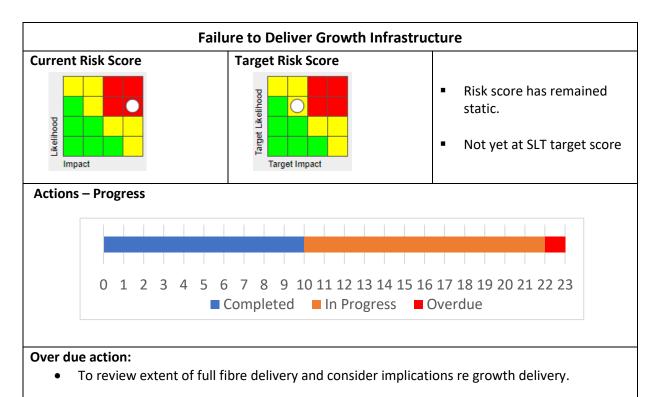
- 2.6 As mentioned above the risk workshop identified 2 significant amendments to the 24/25 register. Details of these amendments are listed below:
 - a) **Cost of Living** REMOVED. SLT noted the significant work undertaken and the planned/continued work to support with the cost of living. However, SLT considered this specific risk to now longer remain valid as a strategic risk. It was also acknowledged that many of the key issues were captured within existing strategic risks. It was therefore agreed to remove this risk from the strategic risk register.
 - b) **Capacity** TO BE DEVELOPED. SLT discussed issues relating to capacity and ability to manage key priorities. It was therefore agreed that a draft strategic risk should be developed specifically considering the risks of not suitably managing competing and dynamic priorities. A draft will be considered by SLT to determine if the risk is to be included within the 24/25 register.
- 2.7 During the previous 12 months 1 strategic risk, retained within the 24/25register, has experienced a change to its current risk score. Details of this change is listed below:
 - SR306 Corporate Governance: Likelihood score has decreased from 3 (very likely to occur) to 2 (likely to occur). Decrease was due to the embedding of the cabinet system.
- 2.8 Strategic risks SR303, SR305, SR307 and SR309 are currently all identified as red risks. Whilst every reasonable effort will be made to reduce the risk to a level to ensure compliance with the corporate risk appetite, it should be noted that the very nature of strategic risks are complex and influenced by many outside factors/controls. Some actions can be very long term and in other cases the ability to reduce the risk further may not be in the control of the council.
- 2.9 All strategic risks have identified actions. The purpose of these actions is to mitigate the risk to a tolerable level. Actions and due dates are determined by the risk owner and their progress is monitored at quarterly reviews.
- 2.10 A total of 162 actions were assigned to the current 9 strategic risks. 77 of those actions have been completed. All remaining 85 actions, except for 2, are within their assigned target due date. Details of the 2 outstanding actions are listed within the progress table below.

- 2.11 Due to the nature of strategic risks some actions are assigned long due dates, many of which may exceed a year before completion is required. Other actions may also be cyclical and appear a number of times within a year.
- 2.12 The tables below illustrates the current status of each strategic risk score and their associated actions.

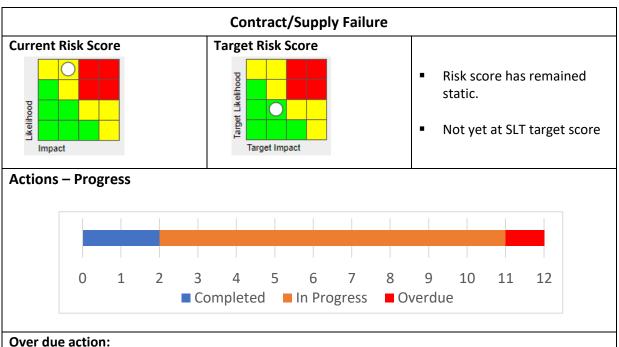
The actions progress bar provides information relating to the total number of actions assigned to each risk for the previous year and their current status i.e. completed, in progress or overdue.







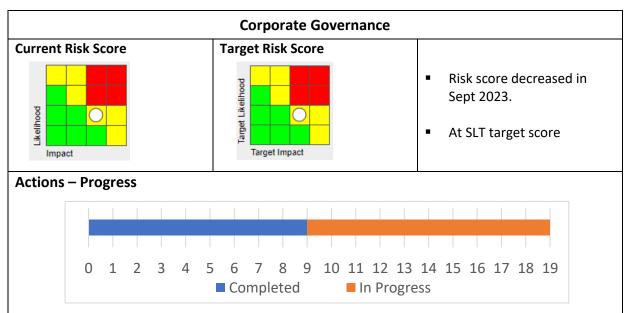
Was due for completion by the 4th quarter, however, data was not avaiblable at the meeting to sign this action off. The risk owner is to identify status and provide an update at the next review meeting due in May 2024.

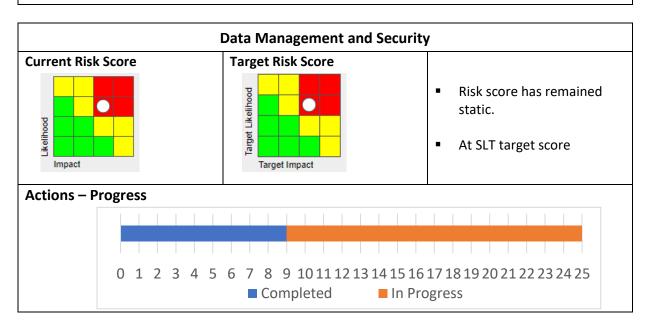


Contracts register review. Officer to attend all directorate meetings to review and discuss.

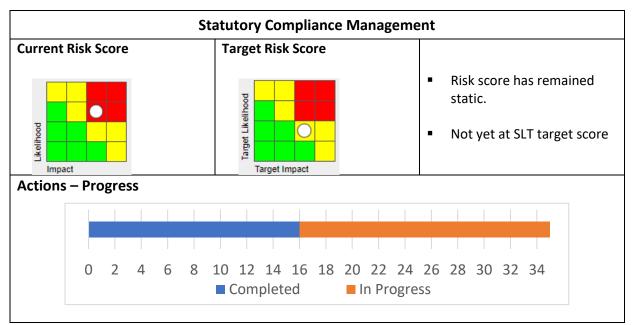
The officer assigned this action was unable to implement this prior to the agreed target date. The officer has now commenced these meetings and the action status will be identified as complete at the next risk review meeting.











3.0 <u>Strategic Risk Register 2024/25- Development and Review</u>

- 3.1 All 9 strategic risks identified within the 24/25 register are pre-existing and therefore are fully developed and have established action plans. If the proposed draft risk for priorities and capacity is developed further a suitable action plan to mitigate the associated risks will be developed immediately.
- 3.2 All strategic risks identified above are owned by a member of SLT. Risk owners, and associated lead officers continue to meet on a quarterly basis to review and develop the risk with the assistance of the Safety & Risk Manager.

- 3.3 All strategic risks continue to be reported to SLT, via our agreed assurance process, on a quarterly basis. The purpose of this process is to identify those risks that are red, failing or not reviewed during the previous quarter, for consideration by SLT.
- 3.4 All 9 current strategic risk assessments have been appended to this report in full.

4.0 <u>Proposal/Options Considered</u>

4.1 Members of the committee note the amendments to the Strategic Risk Register. An update report will be brought to the Audit and Governance Committee in 6 months.

5.0 Implications

In writing this report and in putting forward recommendation's officers have considered the following a range of implications. This report in itself does not have any implications. During the risk reviewing process any controls that are identified are considered in terms of the implications they may have before they are agreed as an appropriate control.

Background Papers and Published Documents

None for this report

SR301 Financial Sustainability-General Fund



SR301 Financial sustainability – General Fund				
Description	Ensuring financial sustainability of the general fund to allow the council to undertake its core functions, deliver services, meet its corporate priorities and objectives			
Lead Officer	Kohli, Sanjiv (SLT)			
Support Officers	Nick Wilson			

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	11-Mar- 2024	3	В	Controlled	Impact

Controls In Place	Quarterly Capital monitoring meetings
	Investments approved in line with the annually agreed Treasury
	Management Strategy
	Annual refresh of Medium Term Financial Plan including management of
	reserves
	Council approved Capital programme
	Financial implications added to Committee reports by Financial Services and a unique reference given each time
	Financial strategies and budget reviewed through Cabinet annually
	Use of external Medium Term Financial Plan tool which assists with
	forecasting future Business Rates income for the following year budget
	Assigned project manager for each major project the Council is embarking on
	Director/Business Unit Manager quarterly meetings reviewing Directorate financial position
	Approved Commercial strategy to support objectives set out in the MTFP
	Approved Investment Plan to support the objectives set out in the
	Commercial Strategy
	Commercial strategy agreed 2022 and formulated commercial group to
	review projects and activities – Meet quarterly to understand progress.
	Report formally to members twice per annum – MTFP and separate report.
	Commercial group established and projects identified by BM's across the
	authority.
	Commercial officer group established to identify business opportunities in
	service areas Nottinghamshire Business Rates Pool mitigating large impacts
	of reductions in Business Rates. This is kept under review by
	Nottinghamshire S151 officers
	Quarterly budget monitoring report tabled at SLT, Cabinet and PPIC
	Annual Financial Regulations training in place
	Lead authority for administration around Notts Business rates pool
	Contract procedure rules in Constitution refreshed May 22
	Acquisition and disposal policy - Approved Nov 2021 Internal Audit
	Corporate land and property group established and meet regularly
	Review of chancellor's budget statements/fiscal events
	Funding/bid and project challenges. Focusing bid application to community
	plan applications
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SR302 Financial Sustainability-HRA



SR302 Financial sustainability - HRA				
Description	Financial sustainability of the HRA to ensure the council is able to provide, maintain and develop its housing stock.			
Lead Officer	Kohli, Sanjiv (SLT); Shead, Suzanne (SLT)			
Support Officers	Nick Wilson, Suzanne Shead, Caroline Wagstaff, Simon Ingram, Craig Tinsley			

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	12-Jan-2024	3	В	Control Pending	Impact

Controls In Place	 Quarterly Capital monitoring meetings Investments approved in line with the annually agreed Treasury
	Management Strategy
	 Annual refresh of HRA financial business plan
	Council approved Capital programme
	 Financial implications added to Committee reports by Financial Services
	Financial strategies and budget reviewed through Policy and Finance Committee annually
	 Use of external HRABP tool allows scenario planning
	 Assigned project manager for each major project the Council is embarking on
	 Director/Business Unit Manager quarterly meetings reviewing Directorate financial position
	 Quarterly budget monitoring report tabled at SLT and Policy and Finance Committee
	 Annual Financial Regulations training in place
	Current development programme ensuring growth in house
	numbers, over and above the offsetting disposals through Right to Buy
	Attendance at Housing related horizon scanning events, in order to feed future impacts into HRABP
	 Review on housing management completed and housing service brought back in house. Efficiencies generated through budget review Reserves in place

Risk Categories	Financial Meeting corporate objectives Service delivery Reputation Governance Regulation Compliance
Trigger/Event	Change in national policy & legislative requirements Increase in interest rates Increased rent arrears Suitability of stock meeting future standards

	Increase or change in standards required
	Current stock does not meeting housing needs
	Workforce issues
	Failing to ensure compliance with relevant legislation causing regulatory
	bodies to intervene
	Non-compliance with RSH regulatory standards
	Meeting tenant priorities
	Ineffective strategic decision making and business planning
	Key HRA major projects failure
	Ineffective management of housing maintenance function
	Loss of critical income streams
	Fraud
	Failure to manage critical income streams/ invest
	Global Pandemic
	Supplier/contractor cost increases due to demand/supply issues changes in
	the economy
	Inability to secure sufficient external funding to regenerate existing stock to
	meet enhanced standards
	Conflicting strategic direction and lack of regular review of 30 year business
	plan
	Zero carbon works identifies significant increase in costs
	Stock condition survey identifies significant increases in costs
Impact	Inability to maintain stock to acceptable level including development of future
	stock
	Changes in national policy requiring internal funding above levels sustainable
	within business plan.
	Increased requirement to use internal funding,
	Reprioritisation of service delivery
	Cash reserves used to right off rent arrears and voids
	Substandard housing stock
	Loss of morale and high staff turnover
	Fines, notices, court cases and legal fees
	Moratorium of services
	Stakeholder Dissatisfaction with service delivery
	Greater scrutiny on service slowing decision making
	Poor local housing policy Project failure
	Contract disputes
	S151 officer issues S114 notice
	Failure to service debt
	Legislative requirements not met
	Impact on residents and tenants
	Increase in void properties

SR303 Failure To Deliver Growth Infrastructure



SR303 Failure to	SR303 Failure to deliver growth infrastructure		
Description	Facilitating the provision of key local infrastructure projects to ensure mitigation and delivery of identified growth areas within the district.		
Lead Officer	Lamb, Matt (SLT)		
Support Officers	Lisa Hughes, Matthew Norton		

	Last Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
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	21-Mar-2024	4	С	Control Pending	
Impact					Impact

Infrastructure delivery plan CIL charging schedule and infrastructure list Development plan (Amended Core Strategy and Allocations and Development Management DPD) Planning policy board Cabinet and Full Council Planning Committee High performing planning service Active Lobbying Engagement with Developers, Stakeholders, Partners, infrastructure providers.
Engagement with Developers, Stakeholders, Partners, infrastructure providers, utility providers
Economic Growth Strategy – Newark Town Investment plan & Visitor economy strategy
Continued liaison with National Highways to monitor progression of SLR and A1 over bridge.
Southern link road – Continued liaison with Homes England re funding package
Newark "levelling up" fund governance

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Risk Categories	Inability to deliver infrastructure projects to support growth. Specific projects include: Direct NSDC influence A1Overbridge (and inter-relationship with A46 Newark northern bypass) Indirect influence Southern link road - completion (grant funding) (and inter relationship with A46 Newark northern bypass) Full Fibre broadband and/or 5(6)G provision Electricity grid capacity A614 roundabout (the Non-strategic Road Network Improvement Scheme NRNIS)– indirectly funding via section 106 A46 improvement works – Influencing role Political Reputation Financial Partners, stakeholders, policy makers and funders Economy, business and residents
Trigger/Event	Government change in policy Partner funding withdrawn Funding reduced/costs increased Funding bid failure Withdrawal of Partners Change in partnership priorities Housing development stalls Change in leadership Poor strategic decision making Failure of other related major infrastructure projects A46 Newark northern bypass – Delivery and timing A1 Over bridge – Technical constraints and increasing costs Change in delivery method and/or partner Insufficient capacity planning from infrastructure/utility providers Inability to influence at national/regional level

	Non-strategic major road network fund priority junctions (A614/A617/A6097 corridor) Lack of coordination of delivery General Election – Change in decision
Impact	Infrastructure not delivered/ delivery delayed Inappropriate infrastructure delivered Growth within district affected Inadequate service provision Government sanctions for inability to deliver housing growth Housing development stalls Social Inequality Large Employer relocating outside district Inward investment stalls Financial impact of failure to meet growth aspiration in Newark devolution agreement Impact on council's MTFP MTFP assumptions not realised Slower/more expensive/less viable delivery Commercial development stalls Commercial attractiveness of district reduces

SR304 Contract/Supply Failure



SR304 Contract/supply failure		
Description	Managing contracts with key suppliers, including NSDC wholly own companies, to ensure the continued delivery of an effective service and ensure delivery of the council's priorities and objectives.	
Lead Officer	Johnson, Deb (SLT); Shead, Suzanne (SLT)	
Support Officers	Andrew Kirk, Nick Wilson, Caroline Wagstaff, Dave Richardson, Jenny Walker, Sue Bearman, Mark Fisher	

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	19-Feb-2024	2	D	Control Pending	Impact

Controls In Place	CONTRACT INCEPTION & MANAGEMENT Contract register developed using Pro-Contract and actively managed by legal and admin team (not fully populated or embedded yet see action) reviewed twice per year Contact renewal early warning provided by admin at quarterly meetings Procurement advice provided through Welland procurement Call off contract arrangements/template devised SLA template devised for consistency SLAs all reviewed SLA register devised and actively managed by service areas .Comprehensive audit undertaken of contracts PROCUREMENT RULES Use of joint procurement service –Welland procurement Focus on local providers for some services Use of contract exemption forms where necessary
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WHOLLY OWNED COMPANIES Management agreements regularly reviewed Contract managers named for each Regular contract management meetings in place Active partnership approach embedded
TRAINING Session delivered to BMs on contract management Session delivered to members on contract management

Risk	Service delivery
Categories	Financial
	Compliance (Regulatory, Health & Safety, Legislative)
	Governance
	Resources
	Reputational
	Procurement/lack of competition
	Project delivery
Trigger/Event	CONTRACT INCEPTION
	Lack of understanding of requirements and different provision mechanisms
	available
	Lack of commercial approach and knowledge
	Inadequate/ambiguous specification
	Inadequate/ambiguous control/performance measures
	Inadequate/ambiguous exit arrangements
	Failure to engage relevant specialists in contract design
	Contract is not signed and saved in corporate register Limited market supply
	Over reliance on single supplier(s)
	Lack of competence in procurement
	Lack of resource dedicated to procurement
	Lack of preplanning for contracts
	Lack of appropriate exit strategies
	Limited availability due to emerging industries/concepts/technology/demand
	CONTRACT MANAGEMENT
	No assigned contract manager
	Contract manager is not appropriately trained/skilled
	Contract manager resource is insufficient
	Ineffective performance monitoring and reviews
	Evergreen contracts in place
	Change control/variations are not appropriately managed
	Lack of ongoing challenge throughout the contract
	Loss of key personnel/ key resilience
	Relationship breakdown
	Contractor fails to deliver/ isn't able to deliver (bankruptcy)
	OTHER
	Financial management not embedded as part of contract management process
	Impact of Brexit
	Business continuity/Emergency incident
	Contracts not entered on contract register
	Provision commences before contract is in place
	Lack of appropriate overview of contract management
	Pandemic
	Impact of inflation
	Government policy shift
Impact	FINANCIAL IMPACT
	Additional costs to council (hidden costs, increased costs)
	Best value not achieved

Fines Failure to utilise grant(repay grant because of failure to contract or contract failure)
SERVICE DELIVERY IMPACT Provision is not timely/delayed Poor/declining quality of service/provision Increased unplanned demand Inability to scale up/scale down provision to meet demand Service failure Not aligned to corporate objectives Unable to procure Project delivery failure
LEGISLATIVE IMPACT Data loss/GDPR compromised Council's legislative obligations not met Providers are not able to be challenged as contract not in place when service is commenced Ombudsman X2 Social housing regulator
REPUTATIONAL IMPACT Customer/service user complaints increase Member complaints increase Negative media coverage
RESOURCE Contract manager resource requirement is increased (leading to impact on other duties) Other officer resource required to manage impacts (leading to impact on other duties) Re-procurement additional resourcing Project delay

SR305 Workforce



SR305 Work	SR305 Workforce		
Description	Ensuring the council is able to recruit, maintain and retain appropriate staffing resource to ensure it is able to deliver its services and meet its corporate objectives.		
Lead Officer	Johnson, Deb (SLT)		
Support Officers	Sarah Lawrie		

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	28-Feb-2024	3	С	Controlled	Impact

Controls In	Business Planning embedded throughout the Council with clear links to
Place	Community Planning and Performance framework
	Managing absence standards and guidance

Senior HR Officers provide support to Business Managers to manage staffing issues, e.g. sickness absence, capability etc.
Effective communication arrangements are in place.
Rolling programme of review for HR policies to ensure they remain robust and fit
for purpose.
I-trent system provides Business Managers with ownership / control over staff sickness/Holiday approval etc. and provides corporate overview HR working closely with Business Managers to support organisational change. Partnership approach with recognised trade unions to support organisational change and current pandemic crisis (and any other similar extraordinary event). Counselling/therapy and welfare support services in place for staff.
Visible inclusive leadership.
Annual employee establishment planning process.
Training and development programme to support ongoing development of skills and competencies and BM and other staff (i.e. change management, sickness and performance management and recruitment and softer skills)
Targeted training interventions to support individual employee development and the facilitation of succession management.
Family friendly policies added benefits such as reduced gym membership staff
loans, temporary free parking to support during the cost of living enhanced workplace entitlements to attract and retain quality candidates including hybrid
working, flexible working, employee counselling and therapy services, health and wellbeing initiatives).
Approved corporate priorities within the Community Plan 2019-23
Comprehensive programme of activities to embed our culture and improve our sense of wellbeing and belonging
Annual staff reward and recognition awards and a basket of seasonal activities
Apprenticeships and graduate placements to support service succession management.

Risk Categories	Service delivery and resources Financial Compliance Governance Reputational Competence and Capability Leadership Recruitment and retention Mobility and agility of workforce Safety of workforce Increased instances of mental health problems in workforce Culture – One council
Trigger/Event	Key staff leaving e.g. with specific qualifications and/or experience and membership of professional body Number of staff leaving from one area/high turnover Inability to recruit to key posts or within a specific service area Lack of development opportunity Lack of team cohesion Lack of organisational culture/collaboration Lack of alignment with corporate values/behaviours/culture Pressure of work External Demand in a specific skill set Uncompetitive in the job market place Poor industrial relations and ineffective people management processes Working environment Key member of staff goes on long term sick, high level of sickness in one service area Uncertainty and/or significant change Aging workforce/retirement planning/succession planning Pandemic or other significant emergency Poor management/leadership

	ability to provide equipment/tools to allow staff to effectively perform their duties
Ot Pr ac Na Cu Pr	e.g. shortage of laptops due to global microchip shortages) ther external factors – cost of living, national shortages. rojected national living wage increase leads to inability on pay structure to ccommodate ational bargaining is protracted and leads to staff being disadvantaged urrent JE process is not fit for purpose – outdated. rolonged industrial action qual pay claim
se Re Lo Lo Lo Hi Ac sta Ac Im Ind Ind Co Lo Ind Fir	ervice delivery impact –inability to deliver services or delivering reduced ervices eputational impact through poor service delivery eputation as an employer resulting in inability to recruit staff oss of capacity/under resourced oss of expertise and corporate memory igh recruitment costs dditional time required to support recruitment activity and the induction of new aff and their development dditional training costs npact on morale, culture and team performance creased levels of staff absence (ill health) creased levels of non-attendance in nominated workplace (lack of ohesion/culture) oss of opportunity through loss of networks crease in accidents npact of potential civil claim (e.g. employment tribunal. insurance) or criminal ctions nancial penalties/ombudsman decisions/other regulatory bodies creased demand on corporate services (e.g. HR,ICT)

SR306 Corporate Governance



SR306 Corpo	SR306 Corporate Governance		
Description	Risk of failure in systems of governance within the council, council owned/influenced organisations and partnerships or other collaborative arrangements.		
Lead Officer	Bearman, Sue (SLT)		
Support Officers	Nigel Hill, Nick Wilson, Carl Burns, Deb Johnson		

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	28-Feb- 2024	3	В	Controlled	Impact

Controls In Place	S Bearman to review controls and update accordingly
	 Code of corporate governance created, maintained and monitored in accordance with CIPFA guidance. Corporate Governance self-assessment against the code of Corporate Governance undertaken periodically. Periodic review of governance by 3 statutory officers.

 Annual review of Constitution which includes fit for purpose and up to date
 Officer code of conduct Officer registers of interests - Related third party transactions. Section 151 officer/Monitoring officer/Head of Paid Service. Gifts and hospitality - policy and register place. Council Financial regulations and procedures, Contract procedure rules Whistle blowing policy Anti-fraud and corruptions strategy Annual governance statement reviewed annually and reported to Audit and Governance Committee. Annual Governance Statement goes to November meeting of Committee Creation of annual combined assurance report in conjunction with SLT and BMs. Internal Audit work including risk-based Audit Plan. Effective use of External Auditor. Under executive arrangements with Cabinet structure and portfolio holders:
 Publishing of forward plan and all delegated decisions Mechanism for call in of all executive decisions Overview by Audit and Governance Committee Dedicated scrutiny committee under executive arrangements – Policy and performance improvement committee Tenant engagement board which ensures appropriate tenant involvement Staff and member training in place
 Training on governance issues including anti-fraud and financial regulations. Counter fraud training delivered Member induction at the start of each new Council cycle. Complaints:
 -Localised standards framework and effective arrangements for dealing with complaints overseen by Audit and Governance Committee. -Internal complaints procedure. Fraud
 -Annual internal review of the Fraud Risk register to carry out proactive work, check on internal controls and is reported to members -Participation with National Fraud Initiative process -Options appraisal for counter fraud and implementation of preferred option. -Appropriate insurance cover including Fidelity Guarantee. -Oversight of Active4Today, Arkwood and East Midlands Building Control. -Appropriate monitoring of performance of the third party or alternative service delivery methods.
 HR policies in place -Recruitment process controls, e.g. References, Immigration, DBS. Horizon scanning at Business Manager briefings and effective communication between SLT and business managers.
 Measures in place to ensure IR35 compliance Schedules review of Corporate Governance (Q4 19/20 Governance review ongoing with support from change to Executive Arrangements completed in May 2022 – 6-month review of effectiveness

of arrangements to be considered by Audit and Governance Committee in November 2022
 Internal Audit of governance arrangements for Council-owned companies in 2022-3 audit programme

Risk Categories	 Service delivery Governance Fraud Poor decision making/leadership Reputation Financial Legal compliance Partners/stakeholders
Trigger/Event	 Failure to communicate, define, review and uphold governance standards policies to ensure fitness for purpose. Failure of staff and councillors to understand their governance roles and responsibilities. Failure to observe good governance. Failure to adequately manage risk or monitor performance. Failure in Policy adherence (All policies). Malicious event e.g., Fraud, money laundering, etc. Reduction in capacity and loss of key personnel and resources Failure to adequately oversee governance standards of partnerships and other entities that the Council is involved in. Failure of governance in wholly council owned companies Failure of governance in partnership organisations Negative findings identified by other organisations/bodies – Ombudsman and External Audit Overuse of "Call-in", "Call for action" or "Urgency provision" Inexperience with new system – procedures set out in constitution not followed Influx of new elected members
Impact	 Influx of new elected members No overall control achieved Loss of opportunity and ability to meet corporate priorities Financial resource loss.
	 Poor or inadequate decision making. Service delivery issues. Criminal or civil liability. Risk of successful judicial review Regulator finding fault e.g. Internal Audit, External Audit, Ombudsman. Government or peer intervention. Failure of Council owned companies Failure of partnerships Ombudsman findings – Maladministration Significant Audit findings – e.g. Public interest report Reputational risk to the Council. Negative media coverage. Policies could be open to challenge. Excessive legal costs incurred. Poor staff morale. High staff turnover. Community disengagement. Capacity redirected to address failures. Inappropriate use of public office

•	Fraud and corrupt practice identified. Fraud and corruption practices not identified or dealt with leading to an incident of fraud and corruption. Slowing down of decision making
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SR307 Data Management and Security



SR307 Data r	SR307 Data management and security		
Description	Deliberate or unintentional loss/disclosure of personal, sensitive, confidential, business critical information or breach of information governance legislation		
Lead Officer	Kohli, Sanjiv (SLT)		
Support Officers	Dave Richardson, Sue Bearman, Stacy Carter		

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	29-Feb-2024	3	С	Control Pending	pourse) Impact

Controls in	Policy and Guidance				
Place	Policy suite and supporting guidance including:				
TIACC	ISMS				
	Cyber security strategy				
	IG strategy				
	Training/ Guidance				
	 Training for all staff taking payments in line with PCI-DSS requirements. Training for ICT staff. 				
	 Data protection training including a section on information security and targeted training ongoing for staff located elsewhere and forms part of the induction process. 				
	 Information governance check on furniture that is being disposed of. Information E Training completed by all staff. 				
	 Annual review of Information Asset Register. 				
	 Annual mandatory GDPR, cyber and spear phishing online training for all staff and councillors. 				
	 Guidance and training available for elected members. 3 GDPR sessions provided for newly elected members. 				
	 Guidance on security breach procedures for Business Managers as Information Asset Owners 				
	Data security communications to all staff following identification of risk				
	Governance and Compliance				
	CIO/SIRO/DPO appointed				
	Compliance with the government's security arrangements.				
	PSN compliant data & internet connections implemented				
	 Compliance with new Cabinet Office email standards achieved. 				
	Weekly review of ICO guidance.				
	 Periodic PCI/DSS compliance checks 				

Data Privacy Impact Assessment.
Annual SIRO audit.
Review of policies and procedures to ensure compliance with latest
Payment Card Industry- Data Security Standard (PCI-DSS)
Cyber Security now standing agenda item on monthly business unit
management meetings.
Governance arrangements established through CIGG with monthly
review.
CIGG meeting every quarter to review risks.
 External Audit on ICT security annually. Implementation of an ISMS project team
Implementation of an ISMS project team
ICT/Equipment specific controls
Encryption for mobile devices.
VASCO tokens and Google Authenticator.
Quarterly ICT security checks internally.
Penetration test annually by external company - monthly scans of
servers for weaknesses, monthly server updates and monthly scans of
Microsoft Office and Windows.
Perimeter software - eg. mailmarshall & webmarshall.
Hardening test on new virtual servers.
 Documents scanned reducing the need for paper.
Secure server room.
• East Midlands WARP membership - alerting networking facility regarding any breaches.
Monthly updates of Adobe products.
• Program in place to ensure the continual maintenance & upgrade of the ICT environment.
Secure portal for Members to access the Extranet.
Airwatch MDM (Mobile Device Management) implementation for mobile devices.
• DMark, DKim SPF and TLS secure email authentication software.
• Cryptshare for encrypting secure emails and large files for email.
Report & record all cyber-attacks/attempts and escalate to CMT where
appropriate Users own devices cannot connect to network
'Consent' tick box on appropriate forms.
Partners and Stakeholder specific controls
 Non-disclosure agreements in place for third party access.
 Use of data processing and agreements with partners.
 Use of licensed confidential waste handler.
 Letters sent to all third parties who process personal data on behalf of
NSDC advising of additional responsibilities under GDPR and data
processing agreements in place.
Actions arising from report to SLT on third party users implemented.

Risk Categories	Loss of vulnerable, personal, sensitive valuable data Legal compliance Reputation Financial Partners/stakeholders Disruption of service- including from a cyber attack Supply chain
Trigger/Event	 (Organisational) Personal, confidential or corporately sensitive/business critical information disclosed unintentionally or through error of judgement, data breach - intentional (malicious).

 Theft or loss of equipment/papers/data belonging to the council, partners or third party companies.
 Failure to respond to subject access requests/information requests accurately and within statutory timeframes
 Failure to identify and respond to a data breach promptly and effectively
 Failure to protect information from accidental loss, corruption or disclosure or other non compliance with Data Protection Principles, by NSDC or a third party, involving large volumes of personal data or
smaller volumes of sensitive personal data
 Repetition of reportable data security breach Insufficient due diligence during procurement and termination of cloud base systems supported by third parties.
Accelerated delivery of digital agenda
Agile Working i.e. mobile/remote/home working/home printing/disposal of printed data/Outreach posts.
Loss of key resources/staff.
 Reducing resources with less capacity for processing data. New and inexperienced staff/elected members with access to data.
 Lack of suitable training/competency/communications
 Re-alignment and integration of new services
(Systems/assets)
• Cyber attack: (either targeted such as denial of service or unintentional human error e.g access to link on another website).
 Failure to protect information assets from an internal malicious attack leading to a data breach, corruption of data assets, loss of asset or service.
 Failure to adopt appropriate technical security measures for keeping data secure within our systems and platforms which results in a significant data breach
Accidental data breach through any electronic source
Use of BYOD (Bring your own device).
Unsupported software/unforeseen loss of support.
Decommissioning of property/asset
(Partners and stakeholders)
 Collaborative working, sharing, outsourcing and partnership working (including external printing and hybrid mail)/involvement in other peoples' data
 Partnership working and sharing new service locations/data sharing issues.
 Partner's/contractor's/host's poor data management and information security leading to data breach/loss.
Use of suppliers/third parties, etc.
Government integration agenda e.g. Increased working between public bodies
Local government reorganisation/Combined authority/change in service delivery model.
Third party access to IT systems.
Adoption of unsupported/dated systems from third parties
(Accreditations)
 Termination of PSN/GCSX standards by the Cabinet Office limiting options for securely sharing with some Public Sector organisations
 options for securely sharing with some Public Sector organisations Failure to comply with relevant standards and legislation including PCI-
DSS/Cyber Essentials/NCSC best practice/PSN.
(External Factors)

	Emergency event-eg power loss – leading to increased reliance upon ICT systems and potential loss of data/corruption of data
Impact	(Finance/legal)
	 Loss/damage to an individual where the Council inappropriately released their personal data ICO fine/Civil claims. Resource impact of Information Commissioner investigation.eg ICO actions Breach of Access to Information legislation bringing about financial/legal damage - imposed on the Council by the Information Commissioner and other Statutory Bodies. Disciplinary action taken against a member of staff and elected members if a breach is found to be deliberate/malicious.
	 (Resource) Drain on resources to process and enable conformity in legislation. Greater demand on existing resource Operational and resource issues eg. Service interruption - where focus has to be taken away from service delivery to dealing with the breach. Reduced service provision resulting from lack of ability to work remotely and available physical resource Increased demand on existing services Inability to deliver critical/key services Capability of infrastructure/system to deliver services – i.e. increased demand during emergencies
	 (Reputation) Damage to reputation of the Council/trust by the public. Loss of confidence within the Council Loss of confidence with partners and stakeholders Negative media coverage
	 (Partners) Loss of provision to customers and partners e.g. Active4Today, DWP, CCTV (under current arrangements) leading to disputes over SLAs and contracts and potential loss of income, e.g. partner rent for Castle House. Loss of partner data where the council is the data processor - subsequent impact on partner's reputation. Withdrawal of service from partners and stakeholder
	Cyber-attack leading to system downtime/damage/loss of data (Ransom Ware) and financial loss/ resource drain
	 (Contractors/supply chain) Less direct control over data as we procure, migrate to and terminate cloud base systems

SR308 Environment



SR308 Environment		
Description	Ability to meet requirements of the government's green agenda and aspirations/expectations of the NSDC community in delivering a greener/carbon neutral service.	

Lead Officer	Finch, Matthew (SLT)
Support Officers	Briony Ashton, Stephen Young

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	26-Feb-2024	3	В	Control Pending	Impact

Controls In Place	 Climate emergency declared Approved date for net neutral – 2035 Costed action plan to support net neutral date Appointed Environmental Policy and Projects Officer Climate emergency project working group – meets quarterly Project working group for depot development Annual report to P&F – Activities undertaken and carbon footprint Internal Audit Urban tree challenge grant – 4000 trees planted Developed business cases for kerb side food Roll out of KGC Financial planning – MTFP Elected member working party utilised to develop climate emergency strategy plan Community plan Successful bidding - LAD2 funding allocation (£750k)
	 14) Successful bidding - LAD2 funding allocation (£750k) 15) 2 x posts agreed for decarbonisation – 1 appointed

Risk Categories	Financial Reputation Statutory compliance Disruption of service-Pressure groups /community action Negative media/comms Capacity to deliver on successful funding
Trigger/Event	Climate change conference Government policies and legislation- i.e. national waste and resources strategy, environment bill, 2030 internal combustion engine phase out, national tree strategy. Budget pressure/planning/demand - MTFP Lack of financial support from government to implement Availability/cost/maturity of technology Incentivising of tariffs – cost v return Legacy issues -housing/fuels/infrastructure Resident/User engagement/participation - Behaviour change Active pressure groups Political influence Declaration of climate emergency Impact of media/social media events/influential individuals Poor communications Partnership failure Bidding arrangements/competition – restrictive nature of government funding to date Future resourcing to deliver Knowledge/skills gap within workforce
Impact	Not meeting governmental targets/internal targets Penalties -TBC Reputation Negative media

Political/public pressure for improvement/campaigns against Increased scrutiny and workload Budget gaps Impact on other service provision Lack of infrastructure to improve Lack/loss of control in light of government mandated service provision Increased costs arising from emerging technology, reduced tariffs and government policy Unable to deliver due to access/obtain government funding/ technology Unable to deliver on climate strategy Customer disengagement
Increased costs arising from emerging technology, reduced tariffs and government policy
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SR309 Statutory Compliance Management



SR309 Statutory compliance management	
Description	Implementation and maintenance of suitable statutory safety compliance management systems.
Lead Officer	Kohli, Sanjiv (SLT); Shead, Suzanne (SLT)
Support Officers	Mark Plant, Mark Eyre, Caroline Wagstaff

Current Risk Matrix	Date Last Reviewed	Impact	Likelihood	Risk Management	Target Risk Matrix
Impact	19-Feb-2024	3	С	Control Pending	Impact

Controls In Place	 Policies and procedures – (Need for policy review) Dedicated Compliance teams and compliance reporting Dedicated software –asset compliance/management software ICT systems Contract management systems Performance management systems Training and competence Staff/tenants/contractor Information/education to tenants Enforcement of tenancy agreements Assurance and scrutiny process – operational and committee levels Use of specialist contractors/advisors Competent/licenced/registered engineers/inspectors Auditing and inspection processes Complaints processes Tenant engagement Maintenance/inspection programmes Pre let inspections Business planning Compliance with regulatory standards
	 Legal/enforcement action/Fines/Regulatory judgement • H&S Civil claims

 Service delivery - Loss of essential service & System/equipment failure/out of use Negative media coverage Reputation Customer satisfaction/impact Financial impact (rectification Increased resource demand Housing Assurance Board
Housing Assurance Board

Risk Categories	 Legal/enforcement action/Fines/Regulatory judgement • H&S Civil claims Service delivery - Loss of essential service & System/equipment failure/out of use Negative media coverage Reputation Customer satisfaction/impact Financial impact (rectification) Increased resource demand
Trigger/Event	 Poor management systems Failure to undertake statutory examinations Poor record keeping /management Remedial works not undertaken in a timely manner Contract management – controls to manage/address poor performance/contract exit arrangements, use of evergreen contracts (non-ending), poor procurement Poor contractor engagement Cyber-attack/Ransom ware –denied/denying access to records Data protection loss/GDPR Routine inspection/audit identifies failure Incorrect response to an accusation, complaint or request for service Unauthorised repairs, Sabotage, maintenance, alterations and installations Pandemic Emergency incident – fire, gas, flood, etc. Hospitalisation/fatality - Investigations to establish cause/identify reports Essential supplier chain failure/goes into administration. Incorrect sub-contracting procedures Change in legal/regulatory requirements Failure of ICT and associated support systems Recruitment – inability due to market demands Loss of key personnel Insufficient Resourcing Changes in legislative/guidance requirements Damp/mould – introduction of Social Housing Bill 2023
Impact	 Fines/enforcement action Regulatory notice issued Unable to deliver a suitable service/essential service Resource demand/conflict Financial – budget overspend, income generation/protection, rent loss, MTFP, viability of HRA business plan. Effect on GF income Loss/reduction of service to Council, partners and tenants(commercial and domestic)

 Reputation Need to re home tenants Leaseholders litigate Negative local or national press coverage Increased scrutiny/monitoring – customer, committees, Regulator etc. Regulatory body short notice inspection Self-referral to regulatory (co-regulation) Commercial viability of building/site Tenancy enforcement Contract failure/suspension Contract dispute Increase turnover of staff Inability to recruit the right staff Poor morale/stress of workforce Political engagement Accident/incident/poisoning Civil claim due to failure
 Investigations to establish cause/identify reports for hospitalisation/fatality